COURSE OUTLINE

1.GENERAL

SCHOOL				
ACADEMIC UNIT		SCHOOL OF HEALTH AND CARE SCIENCES BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES -AESTHETICS AND COSMETIC		
	SCIENCE			
LEVEL OF STUDIES				
COURSE CODE				
COURSE TITLE	DERMATO-COSMETIC SCIENCE I			
	INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES			
if credits are awarded for sepa		TEACHIN	CREDITS	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory e		GHOURS		
are awarded for the whole of the				
course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits				
LECTURES		3		
LABORATORY EX	(ERCISES	3		
		7		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE	SC			
ТҮРЕ	50			
general	/			
background, special				
background, specialised				
general				
knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek			
EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
	https://bico.upiu.o.gr/course./domestal.com/tale_io//			
	https://bisc.uniwa.gr/course/dermatokosmitologia-i/			
	https://eclass.uniwa.gr/courses/AISTH111/			
		ai ses/ AISI TIII/		
	https://eclass.uniwa.gr/courses/AISTH116/			
	https://een.toiath.gr/medules/video/2course-AICTU_UND			
	https://ocp.teiath.gr/modules/video/?course=AISTH_UND			
	<u>E103</u>			
	l			

2.LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of the course is for students to understand the impact of the active ingredients of dermato-cosmetics on the biochemical function of the skin. The mechanism of action, and the incorporation in dermato-cosmetics of substances acting against chrono-aging, environmental aging i.e photo-aging are described.

The goal of the course is for students to understand the principles of the design and development of dermato-cosmetic formulations with bioactive substances. Cosmetics that contain bio-active substances and possess a dermato-cosmetic activity along with dermatological properties and can support the activity of pharmaceuticals often called dermato-cosmetics

Learning outcomes

After the end of the course students will be able to:

- Understand the mechanism of action of bioactive agents used in dermatocosmetics
- Solve stability problems of the bioactive substances incorporated in the cosmetics
- Perform experiments and to determine the physicochemical stability of the finished products
- Know the criteria of the selection of the packaging material and to take under consideration potential incompatibilities between ingredients and packaging
- Design and develop in a laboratory scale, multi-functional formulation of advanced dermato-cosmetics-skin care products with active substances such as herbal extracts, skin anti-oxidants, peptides, healing compounds and delivery systems i.e cyclodextrines and liposomes for the increase of dermal absorption and the stability of active ingredients

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information,	Project planning and management
with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

Working independently, Team work, Working in an international environment, Working in an interdisciplinary environment, Decision-making (laboratory exercises), Respect for the natural environment, Production of new research ideas, Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

3.SYLLABUS

LECTURES

- 1. Face cleansing emulsions. Mechanism of action. Moisturization of keratin, Impact of surfactants to the hydration of skin keratin. Moisturizing agents. Emollients-Mechanisms of action. Hydrocarbons, Fatty alcohols, Esters, Herbal oils, Herbal extracts.
- 2. Hygroscopic agents. Incorporation in cosmetics-Mechanism of action. Multi-alcohols, Carbohydrates, acids and their salts.
- 3. Formulation of hand protective emulsions, body moisturizing emulsified lotions, vanishing creams and base-creams for the application of make-up products.
- 4. Multi-phase dispersed systems based on silicones. Anhydrous emulsions, nonemulsified cleansing products.
- 5. Introduction to delivery systems of active ingredients. Liposomes and cyclodextrins. Stability. Dermal absorption of the actives through delivery systems. Application to cosmetics and skin biomedical products.
- 6. Dermato-cosmetics. New active ingredients, skin anti-oxidants for the treatment of aging, environmental aging i.e. photoaging. Mechanism of action.
- 7. Oligopeptides in anti-aging products of topical skin application. Incorporation, stability, dermal absorption. Peptides with anti-oxidant activity, growth-factors mimicking peptides, decorin analogs, peptides "acting" on neurotransmitters.
- 8. Biochemistry of melanin synthesis. Skin lighteners-mechanism of action.
- 9. Healing. Healing agents and actives. Healing peptides. Herbal ingredients with healing activity, Silicones as healing films.
- 10. Dermal permeability enhancers. Mechanism of action.
- 11. Cellulitis, active ingredients for the topical treatment cellulitis. Mechanism of action.
- 12. Toning and astringent lotions. Herbal constituents and extracts for alcoholic and nonalcoholic lotions.
- 13. Acne. Products for acne. Mechanism of action of active ingredients. Antiseptic ingredients, exfoliating products, sebum-controlling agents, anti-inflammatory agents.
- 14. Introduction to the packaging of cosmetic products. Comparison of advantages and disadvantages between plastic packaging and glass. Propellants. Incompatibility between active ingredients and packaging.

LABORATORY EXERCISES

- 1. Determination of type of emulsions
- 2. Solubilization. Techniques for the a) selection of the best solubilizer for a given perfume and) b the minimal concentration of the solubilizer for the solubilization of a the perfume.
- 3. Stability of cosmetic products. Determination of water in cosmetic products. Thermal

method. Azeotropic distillation.

- 4. Rheology. Determination of the viscosity. Newtonian and non-Newtonian products
- 5. Emulsified cleansing lotion. Development, determination of the viscocity, rheology diagrams, pH measurement.
- 6. Facial liquid cleanser-one phase. Development, determination of viscositycomparison of the rheological properties with emulsified systems, rheology diagrams, pH measurement.
- 7. Exofliating cream. Development, incorporation of microbeads (polyethylene or herbal)
- 8. Liquid make-up. Development. Techniques for the suspension of powders in emulsified products.
- 9. Anti-aging cream. Incorporation of a tocopherol-cyclodextrin system. Stability-Accelerated test.
- 10. Anti-aging cream, Incorporation of all-trans retinol to liposomes. Stability study. Accelerated test.
- 11. Anti-aging serum. Incorporation of liposomal peptides in gel. Viscosity enhancers and liposomes.

4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to- face		
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students au	Use of ICT in teaching, Support of the learning process through e-class for the theoretical and laboratory part, videos of the experiments of the course under the auspices of the Institution, Exercises through e-class. Laboratory education		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lecture	50	
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory practice	54	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Educational visit	10	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Independent study	60	
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	, , ,		
etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the			
ECTS	Course total	174	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Course total	174	
Description of the evaluation procedure	LECTURES Language Greek Final exam: multiple choice, open-ended questions, characterization of sentences as True or False, problem solving 100 % Or Final exam multiple choice, open-ended questions, characterization of sentences as True or False, problem solving 60% and public presentation 40% Criteria are given		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			
	LABORATORY EXERCISES		
	Language Greek		
1.	 Laboratory work-results/ Total 30% 	experiment. Written work	
2.	2. Questionnaires 35 %		
3.	 Final exam: multiple choice, open-ended questions, characterization of sentences as True or False, problem solving 35 % Criteria are given 		

(1) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- 1. Tsirivas E., and Varvaresou A. and Papageorgiou S. Applied Cosmetic Science-Dermato-cosmetics ISBN 978-960-583-151-6. PARISIANOS SA, (2016).
- 2. Tsirivas E., Papageorgiou S and Varvaresou A. Laboratory exercises of Development of dermatocosmetic products (2019) University of West Attica.
- Sakamoto K., Lochhead R., Maibach H. and Yamashita Y. Cosmetic Science and Technology: Theoretical Principles and Applications, Hardcover ISBN: 9780128020050, eBook ISBN: 9780128020548, Elsevier (2017).
- Schlossman M.L. The Chemistry and Manufacture of Cosmetics. Vol 2 Formulating ISBN-13: ISBN-13: 978-1932633474 4th edition, Allured Publishing Co. USA (2008).
- 3. Schlossman M.L. The Chemistry and Manufacture of Cosmetics. Vol 3 Ingredients ISBN-13: 978-

0931710773 4th edition, Allured Publishing Co., USA (2008).

- **4.** Dayan N. and Kromidas L. Formulating, Packaging, and Marketing of Natural Cosmetic Products. Print ISBN: 9780470484081 eBook ISBN: 9781118056806, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (2011).
- **5.** Schueller R. and Romanowski P. Beginning Cosmetic Chemistry. ISBN-13: 978-1932633535 3rd edition, Allured Publishing Co., USA (2009).

- Related academic journals: International Journal of Cosmetic Science, Journal of Cosmetic Science, Molecules, Antioxidants, Cosmetics, Processes, Journal of Cosmetic Dermatology